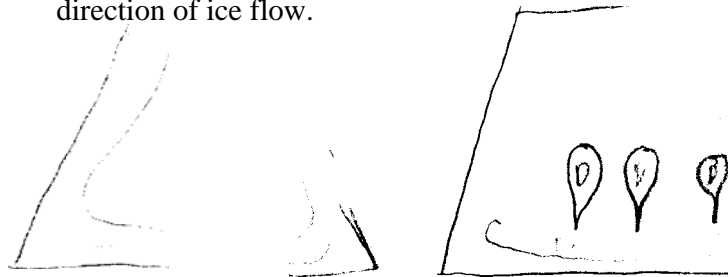


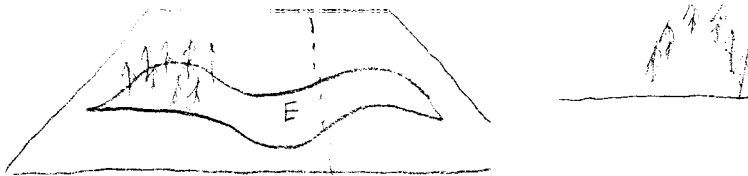
Glacial features:

drumlins - teaspoon shaped hills found in groups behind end moraines formed when ice molds debris that has already been deposited; striations and the long axis of the drumlins show the

direction of ice flow.

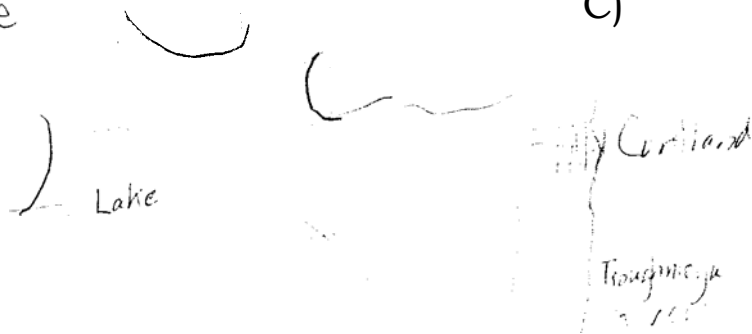


eskers- snake shaped ridges made of sand and gravel deposited by streams that flowed through tunnels at the base of the glacier; positioned generally parallel to the ice flow.



glacial lakes -extinct lakes that once existed in front of the melting glaciers.

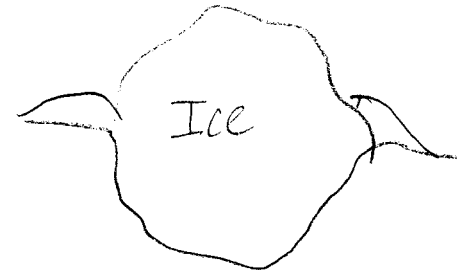
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kames - isolated, conical hills made of sand and stone deposits from streams that flowed down through funnel-shaped holes in glacial ice.



kettles - depressions found between high knobs of moraine ridges and that form when sand and gravel settle over stranded blocks of melting ice.



moraines - sand, silt, rocks, boulders released by melting frozen ice where ice melted at the edge of the lobes, forming ridges or moraines; may rise between 30 and 300 feet high.

